# **Graphing Inequalities** in Two Variables

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- · · Now
- --Whv?

- You graphed linear equations.
- Graph linear inequalities on the coordinate plane.
  - Solve inequalities by graphing.
- Hannah has budgeted \$35 every three months for car maintenance. From this she must buy oil costing \$3 and filters that cost \$7 each. How much oil and how many filters can Hannah buy and stay within her budget?





## New Vocabulary

boundary half-plane closed half-plane open half-plane



#### Common Core State Standards

#### **Content Standards**

A.CED.3 Represent constraints by equations or inequalities, and by systems of equations and/or inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or nonviable options in a modeling context.

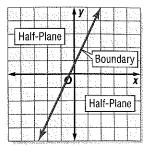
A.REI.12 Graph the solutions to a linear inequality in two variables as a halfplane (excluding the boundary in the case of a strict inequality), and grach the solution set to a system of linear inequalities in two variables as the intersection of the corresponding half-planes.

#### **Mathematical Practices**

5 Use appropriate tools strategically.

**Graph Linear Inequalities** The graph of a linear inequality is the set of points that represent all of the possible solutions of that inequality. An equation defines a boundary, which divides the coordinate plane into two half-planes.

The boundary may or may not be included in the solution. When it is included, the solution is a closed half-plane. When not included, the solution is an open half-plane.



# KeyConcept Graphing Linear Inequalities

- Step 1 Graph the boundary. Use a solid line when the inequality contains  $\leq$  or  $\geq$ . Use a dashed line when the inequality contains < or >.
- Step 2 Use a test point to determine which half-plane should be shaded.
- Step 3 Shade the half-plane that contains the solution.



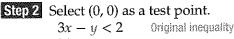
# Example 1 Graph an Inequality (< or >)

Graph 3x - y < 2.

**Step 1** First, solve for y in terms of x. 3x - y < 2-y < -3x + 2y > 3x - 2

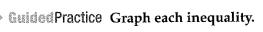
Then, graph y = 3x - 2. Because the inequality involves >, graph

the boundary with a dashed line.



3(0) - 0 < 2x = 0 and y = 00 < 2true

Siep 3 So, the half-plane containing the origin is the solution. Shade this half-plane.



**1A.** 
$$y > \frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

**1B.** 
$$x - 1 > y$$

# Example 2 Graph an Inequality ( $\leq$ or $\geq$ )



Graph  $x + 5y \le 10$ .

Sign 1 Solve for y in terms of x.

$$x + 5y \le 10$$

Original inequality

$$5y \le -x + 10$$

Subtract x from each side and simplify,

$$y \le \frac{1}{x+1}$$

Divide each side by 5.

$$y \le -\frac{1}{5}x +$$

Graph  $y = -\frac{1}{5}x + 2$ . Because the inequality symbol is  $\leq$ , graph the boundary with a solid line.

StudyTip

Selecting a Test Point

because it offers easy

on the border, you must

not on the border.

When selecting a test point, a

standard choice is the origin

calculations. However, if it lies

choose another point that is

Step 2 Select a test point. Let's use (3, 3). Substitute the values into the original inequality.

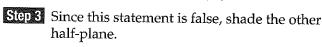
$$x + 5y \le 10$$

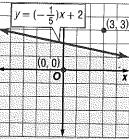
Original inequality

$$3 + 5(3) \le 10$$

x = 3 and y = 3

Simplify.





#### Guided Practice

Graph each inequality.

**2A.** 
$$x - y \le 3$$

**28.** 
$$2x + 3y \ge 18$$

# Solve Linear Inequalities We can use a coordinate plane to solve inequalities with one variable.

# **Example 3** Solve Inequalities From Graphs



# Use a graph to solve 3x + 5 < 14.

Step 1 First graph the boundary, which is the related equation. Replace the inequality sign with an equals sign, and solve for x.

$$3x + 5 < 14$$

Original inequality

$$3x + 5 = 14$$

Change < to =.

$$3x = 9$$

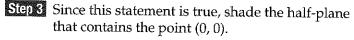
Subtract 5 from each side and simplify.

$$x = 3$$

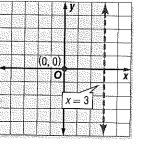
Divide each side by 3.

### Graph x = 3 with a dashed line.

### Step 2 Choose (0, 0) as a test point. These values in the original inequality give us 5 < 14.



Notice that the *x*-intercept of the graph is at 3. Since the half-plane to the left of the *x*-intercept is shaded, the solution is x < 3.



#### • GuidedPractice

Use a graph to solve each inequality.

**3A.** 
$$4x - 3 \ge 17$$

**3B.** 
$$-2x + 6 > 12$$

#### An inequality can be viewed as a constraint in a problem situation. Each solution of the inequality represents a combination that meets the constraint. In real-world problems. the domain and range are often restricted to nonnegative or whole numbers.



#### real-WorldLink

As a supplement to traditional vearbooks, many schools are producing digital versions. They include features that allow you to click on a picture and see a short video clip.

Source: eSchool News

# Problem-SolvingTip

Use a Graph You can use a graph to visualize data, analyze trends, and make predictions.

# Real-World Example 4 Write and Solve an Inequality



CLASS PICNIC A yearbook company promises to give the junior class a picnic if they spend at least \$28,000 on yearbooks and class rings. Each yearbook costs \$35, and each class ring costs \$140. How many yearbooks and class rings must the junior class buy to get their picnic?

**Understand** You know the cost of each item and the minimum amount the class needs to spend.

**Plan** Let x = the number of yearbooks and y = the number of class rings the class must buy. Write an inequality.

\$35	times	the number of yearbooks	plus	\$140	times	the number of rings	is at least	\$28,000.
35	::'•	Х	+	140	( ) • ( ) ·	y	≥	28,000

**Solve** Solve for y in terms of x.

$$35x + 140y - 35x \ge 28,000 - 35x$$

Subtract 35x from each side.

$$140y \ge -35x + 28,000$$

Divide each side by 140.

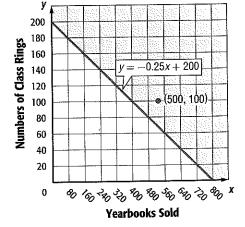
$$\frac{140y}{140} \ge \frac{-35x}{140} + \frac{28000}{140}$$

Simplify.

$$y \ge -0.25x + 200$$
 Simplify.

Because the yearbook company cannot sell a negative number of items, the domain and range must be nonnegative numbers. Graph the boundary with a solid line. If we test (0, 0), the result is  $0 \ge 28,000$ , which is false. Shade the closed half-plane that does not include (0, 0).

One solution is (500, 100), or 500 yearbooks and 100 class rings.



**Check** If we test (500, 100), the result is  $100 \ge 75$ , which is true. Because the company cannot sell a fraction of an item, only points with wholenumber coordinates can be solutions.

#### Practice

4. MARATHONS Neil wants to run a marathon at a pace of at least 6 miles per hour. Write and graph an inequality for the miles *y* he will run in *x* hours.

# Check Your Understanding

Step-by-Step Solutions begin on page R13.



Examples 1–2 Graph each inequality.

**1.** 
$$y > x + 3$$

**2.** 
$$y \ge -8$$

**3.** 
$$x + y > 1$$

**4.** 
$$y \le x - 6$$

**5.** 
$$y < 2x - 4$$

**6.** 
$$x - y \le 4$$

Example 3 Use a graph to solve each inequality.

7. 
$$7x + 1 < 15$$

**8.** 
$$-3x - 2 \ge 11$$

**9.** 
$$3y - 5 \le 34$$

**10.** 
$$4y - 21 > 1$$

11. FINANCIAL LITERACY The surf shop has a weekly overhead of \$2300.

- a. Write an inequality to represent the number of skimboards and longboards the shop sells each week to make a profit.
- b. How many skimboards and longboards must the shop sell each week to make a profit?



# **Practice and Problem Solving**

Extra Practice is on page R5.

Examples 1-2 Graph each inequality.

**12.** 
$$y < x - 3$$

**13.** 
$$y > x + 12$$

$$14 y \ge 3x - 1$$

**15.** 
$$y \le -4x + 12$$

**16.** 
$$6x + 3y > 12$$

17. 
$$2x + 2y < 18$$

**18.** 
$$5x + y > 10$$

**19.** 
$$2x + y < -3$$

**20.** 
$$-2x + y \ge -4$$

**21.** 
$$8x + y \le 6$$

**22.** 
$$10x + 2y \le 14$$

**23.** 
$$-24x + 8y \ge -48$$

Use a graph to solve each inequality.

**24.** 
$$10x - 8 < 22$$

**25.** 
$$20x - 5 > 35$$

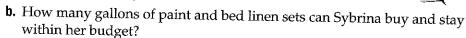
**26.**) 
$$4y - 77 \ge 23$$

**27.** 
$$5y + 8 \le 33$$

**28.** 
$$35x + 25 < 6$$

**29.** 
$$14x - 12 > -31$$

- 30. CSS MODELING Sybrina is decorating her bedroom. She has \$300 to spend on paint and bed linens. A gallon of paint costs \$14, while a set of bed linens costs \$60.
  - **a.** Write an inequality for this situation.



Use a graph to solve each inequality.

**31.** 
$$3x + 2 < 0$$

**32.** 
$$4x - 1 > 3$$

**33.** 
$$-6x - 8 \ge -4$$

**34.** 
$$-5x + 1 < 3$$

**35.** 
$$-7x + 13 < 10$$

**36.** 
$$+4x - 4 \le -6$$

37 SOCCER The girls' soccer team wants to raise \$2000 to buy new goals. How many of each item must they sell to buy the goals?

- **a.** Write an inequality that represents this situation.
- **b.** Graph this inequality.
- c. Make a table of values that shows at least five possible solutions.
- $\boldsymbol{d}$ . Plot the solutions from part  $\boldsymbol{c}$ .



Graph each inequality. Determine which of the ordered pairs are part of the solution set for each inequality.

- **38.**  $y \ge 6$ ;  $\{(0, 4), (-2, 7), (4, 8), (-4, -8), (1, 6)\}$
- $(39) x < -4; \{(2, 1), (-3, 0), (0, -3), (-5, -5), (-4, 2)\}$
- **40.**  $2x 3y \le 1$ ; {(2, 3), (3, 1), (0, 0), (0, -1), (5, 3)}
- **41.**  $5x + 7y \ge 10$ ; {(-2, -2), (1, -1), (1, 1), (2, 5), (6, 0)}
- **42.** -3x + 5y < 10; {(3, -1), (1, 1), (0, 8), (-2, 0), (0, 2)}
- **43.**  $2x 2y \ge 4$ ; {(0, 0), (0, 7), (7, 5), (5, 3), (2, -5)}
- 44. RECYCLING Mr. Jones would like to spend no more than \$37.50 per week on recycling. A curbside recycling service will remove up to 50 pounds of plastic bottles and paper products per week. They charge \$0.25 per pound of plastic and \$0.75 per pound of paper products.
  - a. Write an inequality that describes the number of pounds of each product that can be included in the curbside service.
  - **b.** Write an inequality that describes Mr. Jones' weekly cost for the service if he stays within his budget.
  - **c.** Graph an inequality for the weekly costs for the service.
- 45. MULTIPLE REPRESENTATIONS Use inequalities A and B to investigate graphing compound inequalities on a coordinate plane.

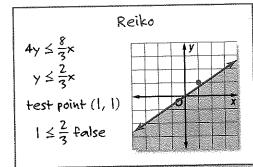
**A.** 
$$7(y+6) \le 21x+14$$

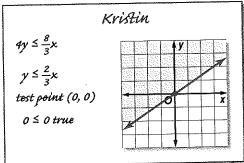
**B.** 
$$-3y \le 3x - 12$$

- **a. Numerical** Solve each inequality for *y*.
- b. Graphical Graph both inequalities on one graph. Shade the half-plane that makes A true in red. Shade the half-plane that makes B true in blue.
- c. Verbal What does the overlapping region represent?

# H.O.T. Problems Use Higher-Order Thinking Skills

**46. ERROR ANALYSIS** Reiko and Kristin are solving  $4y \le \frac{8}{3}x$  by graphing. Is either of them correct? Explain your reasoning.





- **47.** CCSS TOOLS Write a linear inequality for which (-1, 2), (0, 1), and (3, -4) are solutions but (1, 1) is not.
- 48. REASONING Explain why a point on the boundary should not be used as a
- 49. OPEN ENDED Write a two-variable inequality with a restricted domain and range to represent a real-world situation. Give the domain and range, and explain why they are restricted.
- 50. WRITING IN MATH Summarize the steps to graph an inequality in two variables.

### **Standardized Test Practice**

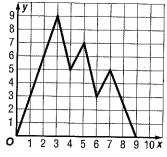
**51.** What is the domain of this function?

**A** 
$$\{x \mid 0 \le x \le 3\}$$

**B** 
$$\{x \mid 0 \le x \le 9\}$$

**C** 
$$\{y \mid 0 \le y \le 9\}$$

**D** 
$$\{y \mid 0 \le y \le 3\}$$



**52. EXTENDED RESPONSE** An arboretum will close for the winter when all of the trees have lost their leaves. The table shows the number of trees each day that still have leaves.

Day	5	10	15	20
Trees with Leaves	325	260	195	130

- **a.** Write an equation that represents the number of trees with leaves *y* after *d* days.
- **b.** Find the *y*-intercept. What does it mean in the context of this problem?
- **c.** After how many days will the arboretum close? Explain how you got your answer.

**53.** Which inequality best represents the statement below?

A jar contains 832 gumballs. Ebony's guess was within 46 pieces.

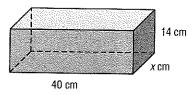
$$|F||g - 832| \le 46$$

**G** 
$$|g + 832| \le 46$$

**H** 
$$|g - 832| \ge 46$$

$$J |g + 832| \ge 46$$

**54. GEOMETRY** If the rectangular prism has a volume of  $10,080 \text{ cm}^3$ , what is the value of x?



# Spiral Review

Solve each open sentence. (Lesson 5-5)

**55.** 
$$|y-2| > 4$$

**56.** 
$$|t-6| \le 5$$

**57.** 
$$|3+d| < -4$$

Solve each compound inequality. (Lesson 5-4)

**58.** 
$$4c - 4 < 8c - 16 < 6c - 6$$

**59.** 
$$5 < \frac{1}{2}p + 3 < 8$$

**60.** 
$$0.5n \ge -7 \text{ or } 2.5n + 2 \le 9$$

Write an equation of the line that passes through each pair of points. (Lesson 4-2)

**61.** 
$$(1, -3)$$
 and  $(2, 5)$ 

**62.** 
$$(-2, -4)$$
 and  $(-7, 3)$ 

**63.** 
$$(-6, -8)$$
 and  $(-8, -5)$ 

**64. FITNESS** The table shows the maximum heart rate to maintain during aerobic activities. Write an equation in function notation for the relation. Determine what would be the maximum heart rate to maintain in aerobic training for an 80-year-old. (Lesson 3-5)

Age (yr)	20	30	40	50	60	70
Pulse rate (beats/min)	175	166	157	148	139	130

# Skills Review

**65. WORK** The formula  $s = \frac{w - 10r}{m}$  is used to find keyboarding speeds. In the formula, s represents the speed in words per minute, w the number of words typed, r the number of errors, and m the number of minutes typed. Solve for r.